

Revolutions in Russia

Activity

Part A: Build Vocabulary

Write the word that best fits in each sentence.

Part B: Complete the following from notes.

How did the policies of the czars help ignite revolution in Russia?

- Autocratic policies, harsh measures, and resistance to change inflamed the masses.

What happened in the March Revolution?

- A protest that was started by women textile workers exploded into a general uprising that forced Czar Nicholas II to give up his throne.
- A provisional government led by Alexander Kerensky was established.

What happened in the November 1917 Revolution?

- Armed factory workers stormed the Winter palace in Petrograd, and the Bolsheviks took over the government.

What groups fought in the Russian civil war, and what was the outcome?

- The Bolsheviks, or Red Army, fought against opponents of their government, the White Army.
- The White Army was composed of groups who supported the return of rule by the czar, others who wanted democratic government, and socialists who opposed Lenin's style of socialism.
- The Bolsheviks won the civil war.

THE END